Silent E Book and Fourth Job of Silent E

Objective

This lesson introduces the Silent E Book and how to identify the first four jobs of Silent E.

You Will Need

Roar into Spelling pages 31-44

Homophones Book

Jobs of Silent E poster

Word Cards 11-20

Before You Begin

Lesson 4

Preview the Silent E Book



Today's lesson introduces the Silent E Book, which will help your student recognize, categorize, and internalize the jobs of Silent E. Throughout Level 3, your student will add new Silent E words to this book as he encounters them.

Some students add Silent E to words that do not need it. The step of identifying the job of Silent E will prevent its indiscriminate use. Allow your

student to refer to the Silent E Book to remind himself of the jobs of Silent E when necessary.

To assemble the Silent E book, remove pages 31-40 from the activity book. Stack the pages, fold in half, and staple in the middle where indicated.

Preview the Fourth Job of Silent E

The Jobs of Si	lent E
Silent E can make the venice softers. It long. Silent E does this job in 50% of words ending in g.	
Silent E can make c and is soft.	2 - A 2
Silent E keeps in and it from being the Last latter in a word.	
Silent E shows that the word in not plants.	
Shent E salds a vorsel to a Pictule syttable. Every sytable reeds a sovel.	
Silent E makes th say its uncould not	
Stant E starting the meaning of the	ware the shift

Take out the Jobs of Silent E poster.

In Level 2, your student learned the first three jobs of Silent E. This lesson teaches the fourth job of Silent E: to prevent a singular word from looking like a plural word.

Take a look at the following examples:

false	nurse	goose	noise
pause	glimpse	horse	sparse
cheese	rinse		

Without the Silent E, these singular words look like plurals: *fals, nurs, goos,* and so on.

Phonogram Cards

Review a selection of Phonogram Cards from behind the Review divider in your student's Spelling Review Box.



Review a selection of Sound Cards from behind the Review divider. Have your student write the phonograms in his dictation notebook.



Review a selection of Rule Cards from behind the Review divider.



Review a selection of Word Cards from behind the Review divider. Have your student write the words in his dictation notebook.



Read through the Word Bank for AY/AI.



Build the word **qu i t e**.

"How do we spell the sound of /kw/ at the beginning of a word?" Qu.

"Is the *i* long or short?" Long.

"Why is it long?" Because of Silent E.

"Read this word." Quite.

"How many vowel sounds do you hear?" One.

"Does the <u>u</u> act like a vowel here?" *No*.

"What would it say if we removed Silent E?" Quit.

"Label the syllable." *Student uses the Name Game tag.*

Introduce the Silent E Book



Give your student the Silent E Book. "You have learned that Silent E has several different jobs. You will keep track of these jobs in this book."

Have your student write his name on the cover.

Read the headings for Jobs #1-#3 (pages 2-6) with your student.

"When you learn a word that has Silent E, you will add it to this book. Keep your eyes open for Silent E words."



"What is this word?" Plate.

"What is the job of Silent E?" It makes the <u>a</u> long (or, it makes the vowel say its name).

Turn to Job #1 in the Silent E Book. Have your student write the word *plate* on line 2.

Build the words d a n c e and l ar g e

Point to the word *dance*. "What does this word say?" Dance.

"What is the job of Silent E in this word?" It makes the <u>c</u> soft.

Point to the word large. "What does this word say?" Large.

"What is the job of Silent E in this word?" It makes the g soft.

Turn to Job #2 in the Silent E Book. Have your student write the words *dance* and *large* on lines 2 and 3.

Build the words **c l u e** and **g i v e**

Point to the word *clue*. "What is this word?" *Clue*.

"What is the job of Silent E in this word?" It keeps <u>u</u> from being the last letter in a word.

Lesson 4: Silent E Book and Fourth Job of Silent E

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New Teaching (continued)

Point to the word give. "What is this word?" Give.

"What is the job of Silent E in this word?" It keeps v from being the last letter in a word.

Turn to Job #3 and have your student write the words *clue* and *give* on lines 2 and 3.



"Sometimes Silent E has two jobs. See if you can find them in this word." <u>E</u> makes <u>i</u> long and makes <u>c</u> soft.

Have your student write the word *ice* under Job #1 and Job #2.

"When you spell a word with Silent E, I want you to be a detective and figure out which job Silent E is doing."

Have your student write the following words in the correct section of the Silent E Book.

twelve hide	smile size	since fence	glue hinge	
Answer Key	Ľ			
<u>Job #1</u>	<u>Job #2</u>	<u>Job #3</u>		
smile	since	twelve		
hide	hinge	glue		
size	fence			

Teach the Fourth Job of Silent E

Build the word g ee s e

"In this word, Silent E is added to keep geese from looking like a plural word."

Remove Silent E. g ee s

"Without Silent E, the reader would have to figure out whether gees is a plural word."

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New Teaching

(continued)



Take out the Jobs of Silent E poster and read Job #4 with your student. "This is the fourth job of Silent E. Add the word geese to your Silent E book."

"Today we covered the first four jobs of Silent E. We'll cover another job in the next lesson."

"In each of today's spelling words, Silent E is added to keep the word from looking like a plural word."

Homophones Book: Add sense/cents

Build the word **S** е е n S

"Read this word." Sense.

"Sense, as in That makes sense."

Build the word **c e n** S t

"Read this word." Cents.

"Cents, as in Two pennies equal two cents."



Take out the Homophones Book. "Sense and cents are homophones. Write these words in your Homophones Book." Student writes the words.

Read the following sentences and make sure your student points to the correct word in the Homophones Book.

"Does it make sense to buy postcards?" asked Naomi. "They only cost a few <u>cents</u>," said Raul. "Plus a few cents for stamps. And we're leaving today!" "Then there's no <u>sense</u> in wasting money," said Raul.



Spell Word Cards 11-20

Dictate the words and have your student spell them in his dictation notebook.



Even though geese and cheese look like they should rhyme, they don't! \underline{S} does double duty, representing the sounds of both /s/ and /z/.

<u>S</u> is the most common way to spell /z/. There is no hard-and-fast rule to tell us whether to use <u>s</u> or z for the sound of /z/, but as a general guideline, <u>s</u> is used more commonly than <u>z</u>.

File the Word Cards behind the Review divider in the Spelling Review Box.

Practice More Words

The following words reinforce the concepts taught in this lesson. For additional practice, have your student spell some of them in his dictation notebook.

verse	tense (tense muscle)	dense (dense fog)
raise (raise goats)	pause (short pause)	cause (good cause)

If you wish, your student may add the homophone pairs *tense/ tents, dense/dents, cause/caws, raise/rays,* and *pause/paws* to the Homophones Book since he knows how to spell words with these spelling patterns.

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New Teaching (continued)

Complete Activity Sheet (Optional)

"It's time to fill a vase with flowers!"



Fill the Vase

Remove pages 41-44 from the *Roar into Spelling* activity book.

Cut a slit in the vase as indicated by the dotted line. Cut out the flower cards and place them in a pile with the illustrations facing down.

Choose six words from this lesson that you think would most benefit your student to practice.

Dictate the words one by one and have your student write a word on each card. If he spells the word correctly, flip the card over to reveal a flower, and then slide the flower into the slit in the vase.

Continue until the vase is filled with flowers and your student has practiced all six words.

Dictate Sentences

Dictate several sentences each day. Your student should repeat each sentence and write it in his dictation notebook.

Did you rinse those five plates? The geese like to skate on the ice. That gray mouse is quite large! My horse can jump over the fence. What else do you want for lunch? Her huge house is white and blue. Our goldfish makes so much noise! Why is Jake so tense today? Those jokes do not make sense to me. The ship had to pause in the dense fog. I got this wheel of cheese at the fair! Is it true or false that sheep whine?

Mark the Progress Chart



Remember that each lesson may require several sessions to complete.

If your student has mastered eight out of the ten Word Cards, have him mark Lesson 4 on the Progress Chart and move on to the next lesson!





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